A Guide for Primary Care Providers for Supporting Patients in Distress During COVID-19

* **Normalize and validate**
  - Stress, anxiety, fear, sadness, and anger are all natural responses to difficult situations
  - Some anxiety and fear is normal during times like these
  - Common stressors include: fears of infection, frustration and boredom, disrupted routines, loss of regular wellness activities and supports, inadequate supplies, inadequate information, increased responsibilities, employment difficulties, financial problems, loss and grief

* **Emphasize the need to prioritize self-care**
  - **Physical:** Eat healthy, exercise regularly, get outside if you can, get plenty of sleep, avoid substances
  - **Social connection:** Stay connected with friends and family, reach out to others for support
  - **“Unplug” and engage in healthy activities:** Schedule time for specific wellness activities (see overleaf for examples)
    - **Activating activities** that generate a sense of pleasure and achievement
    - **Soothing activities** that decrease distress and increase relaxation
  - **Routine:** Usual routines have likely been disrupted. Develop and stick to a new routine that includes the above self-care activities

* **Ask about information consumption**
  - Emphasize the importance of getting information from reliable sources (e.g., gov.mb.ca/health/coronavirus, Health Canada (Canada.ca/coronavirus), WHO, reliable news sources)
  - Avoid unfamiliar websites, discussion groups where people post information from non-credible sources; Be wary of what is posted on social media
  - Avoid too much exposure to news and social media: limit checking the news to once per day and don’t spend too much time reading news stories
    - Even though things are shifting rapidly, daily changes are not likely to affect how you manage your risk

* **Highlight the need to watch out for “what if” thinking**
  - In stressful situations, people often overestimate how bad the situation can get, but underestimate how well they will be able to cope
  - Remember that you are resilient and don’t underestimate yourself and your ability to cope!

* **Suggest focusing on what they can control**
  - It’s important to accept that many things are outside of your control, and it’s more helpful to focus on what you can control

* **Remind your patients to be kind to themselves**
  - Don’t beat yourself up if you don’t do all these things every day
  - It takes some time to develop new habits and feel their benefits

* **Provide online self-help resources**
  - Wellness Together Canada: ca.portal.gs
  - Anxiety Canada: anxietycanada.com
  - Coping with Coronavirus: copingwithcoronavirus.co.uk
  - Centre for Clinical Interventions: cci.health.wa.gov.au

* **Encourage patients to seek help when needed**
  - AbilitiCBT: manitoba.ca/covid19/bewell
  - Anxiety Disorders Association of Manitoba (ADAM) support line: 204-925-0040
  - Provide crisis resources

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April 2020
### Example Wellness Activities

**Activating Activities**

- Exercise
- Walk
- Cleaning
- Gardening
- Cooking
- Call a friend
- Books/movies/music that create a different emotion
- Games
- Puzzles
- Do something thoughtful
- Make something for someone
- Take an online class
- Go outside and play with your pet
- Read something funny (e.g., comics)
- Play a virtual game with a friend
- Create something (art, writing, online blog, ...)
- Research an interesting topic
- Do a virtual tour of a museum or art gallery
- Connect with an online special interest group
- Call a family member you haven’t spoken to in while
- Work on your car, truck, or bicycle
- Dance to or sing along with loud music
- Make a playlist of happy songs
- Take photographs
- Learn a new language
- Play a game with your family members
- Crafts (e.g., knitting, sewing, jewelry making)
- Build something (electronics, shelving, ...)
- Write a letter to a friend or family member
- Play an instrument
- Hobbies
- Make a to-do list
- Complete a task

**Soothing Activities**

- Breathe deeply
- Release tension from the body
- Drink tea
- Light a candle
- Practice mindfulness
- Sit outside
- Enjoy the sounds of nature
- Be aware of sounds and let them come and go
- Look out the window
- Use favourite lotion or perfume
- Enjoy smells of nature
- Bubble bath
- Shower
- Pet an animal
- Soak feet
- Do nails
- Read
- Imagine a relaxing scene/safe space
- Imagine yourself coping/distress passing
- Read/think about spiritual values
- Gratitude/think about positive aspects of your life
- Listen to relaxation audio
- Take a break
- Use coping statements (e.g., these feelings will pass)
- Yoga/stretching
- Go outside and watch the clouds
- Eat a small treat
- Meditate
- Write or draw things you like about yourself
- Make a list of 10 things you’re good at
- Journaling
- Hug a family member
- Art, crafts, creative activities

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My Wellness Plan

**Things I need to do every day to maintain my wellness:**
What are the things that help you feel good that are important for you to remember to do every day?
*Examples: Go to bed & wake up at the same time, get dressed, get outside, talk to someone, take breaks, eat regularly, ...*

**Things I should think about doing once in a while:**
What are the things that you don’t need to do every day, but you should remember to do more regularly?
*Examples: Call a friend or family member, hobbies, exercise, ...*

**Things I should avoid doing:**
What are some things you tend to do when experiencing difficult emotions that are not really that helpful?
*Examples: Alcohol/substances, isolating from social connection, focusing on negative thoughts, ...*

**My Early Warning Signs:**
What are some signs that you are experiencing elevated levels of distress and may need to pay more attention to your wellness?
*Examples: Difficulty sleeping, irritable, lack of energy, snapping at people, drinking more alcohol, eating more unhealthy foods, ...*

**Improving Distress Action Plan:**
What are some specific things I can do when I am feeling distressed? Is there a specific order in which I should do these things?
*Examples: Make sure I am sticking to my daily wellness activities, take a break, relaxation exercises, call a friend, ...*

**Crisis Action Plan:**
What are some specific things I should do if I’m experiencing a mental health crisis?
*Examples: Call a friend, call a crisis line (include specific number), call the Mobile Crisis Service (204940-1781), go to the Crisis Response Centre, ...*

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